

**HiPerFRED<sup>2</sup>**

$$V_{RRM} = 400V$$

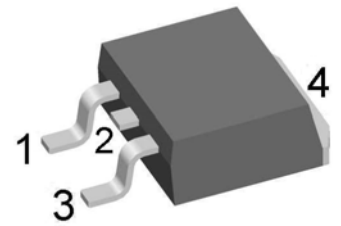
$$I_{FAV} = 2 \times 10A$$

$$t_{rr} = 45ns$$

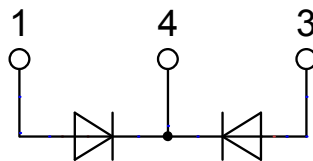
High Performance Fast Recovery Diode  
 Low Loss and Soft Recovery  
 Common Cathode

Part number

**DPG20C400PC**



Backside: cathode

**Features / Advantages:**

- Planar passivated chips
- Very low leakage current
- Very short recovery time
- Improved thermal behaviour
- Very low  $I_{rm}$ -values
- Very soft recovery behaviour
- Avalanche voltage rated for reliable operation
- Soft reverse recovery for low EMI/RFI
- Low  $I_{rm}$  reduces:
  - Power dissipation within the diode
  - Turn-on loss in the commutating switch

**Applications:**

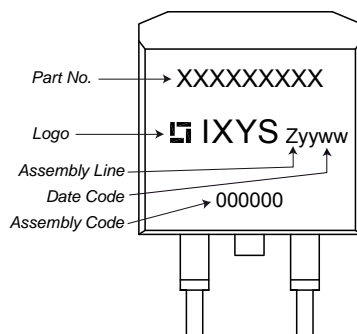
- Antiparallel diode for high frequency switching devices
- Antisaturation diode
- Snubber diode
- Free wheeling diode
- Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)

**Package:** TO-263 (D2Pak)

- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0

Fast Diode				Ratings		
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			400	V
$V_{RRM}$	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			400	V
$I_R$	reverse current, drain current	$V_R = 400 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1	$\mu A$
		$V_R = 400 V$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		0.15	mA
$V_F$	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 10 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.32	V
					1.51	V
		$I_F = 10 A$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}C$		1.03	V
					1.24	V
$I_{FAV}$	average forward current	$T_C = 150^{\circ}C$ rectangular $d = 0.5$	$T_{VJ} = 175^{\circ}C$		10	A
$V_{FO}$	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 175^{\circ}C$		0.77	V
$r_F$	slope resistance				19.8	m $\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				2.3	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.25		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$			65	W
$I_{FSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}; V_R = 0 V$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		150	A
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 200 V \quad f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		12	pF
$I_{RM}$	max. reverse recovery current	} $I_F = 10 A; V_R = 270 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		4	A
			$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		6	A
$t_{rr}$	reverse recovery time	} $-di_F/dt = 200 A/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		45	ns
			$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		65	ns

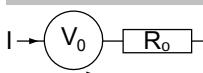
Package TO-263 (D2Pak)			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per terminal			35	A
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-55		175	°C
$T_{op}$	operation temperature		-55		150	°C
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-55		150	°C
<b>Weight</b>				2		g
$F_C$	mounting force with clip		20		60	N

**Product Marking**

**Part number**

- D = Diode
- P = HiPerFRED
- G = extreme fast
- 20 = Current Rating [A]
- C = Common Cathode
- 400 = Reverse Voltage [V]
- PC = TO-263AB (D2Pak) (2)

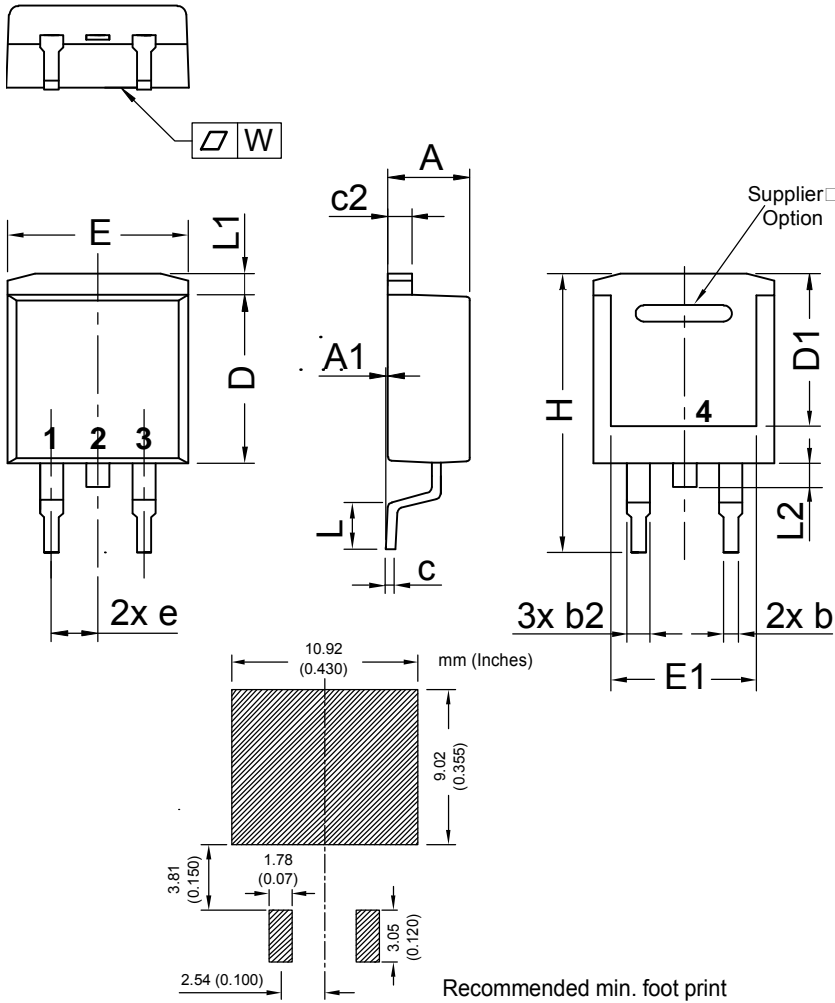
Ordering	Part Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	DPG20C400PC	DPG20C400PC	Tape & Reel	800	507327

Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
DPG20C400PB	TO-220AB (3)	400
DPG20C400PN	TO-220ABFP (3)	400

**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**
*\* on die level*
 $T_{VJ} = 175\text{ °C}$ 

**Fast Diode**

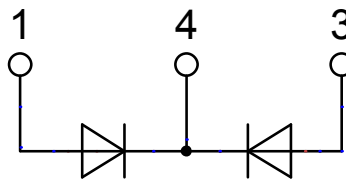
$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0.77	V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	16.6	mΩ

## Outlines TO-263 (D2Pak)



Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.06	4.83	0.160	0.190
A1	typ. 0.10		typ. 0.004	
A2	2.41		0.095	
b	0.51	0.99	0.020	0.039
b2	1.14	1.40	0.045	0.055
c	0.40	0.74	0.016	0.029
c2	1.14	1.40	0.045	0.055
D	8.38	9.40	0.330	0.370
D1	8.00	8.89	0.315	0.350
D2	2.5		0.098	
E	9.65	10.41	0.380	0.410
E1	6.22	8.50	0.245	0.335
e	2,54 BSC		0,100 BSC	
e1	4.28		0.169	
H	14.61	15.88	0.575	0.625
L	1.78	2.79	0.070	0.110
L1	1.02	1.68	0.040	0.066
W	typ. 0.02	0.040	typ. 0.0008	0.002

All dimensions conform with and/or within JEDEC standard.



## Fast Diode

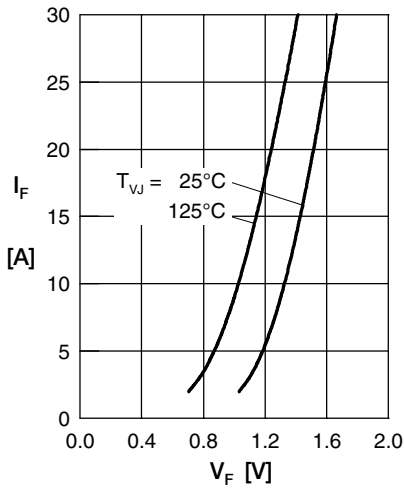


Fig. 1 Forward current  $I_F$  versus  $V_F$

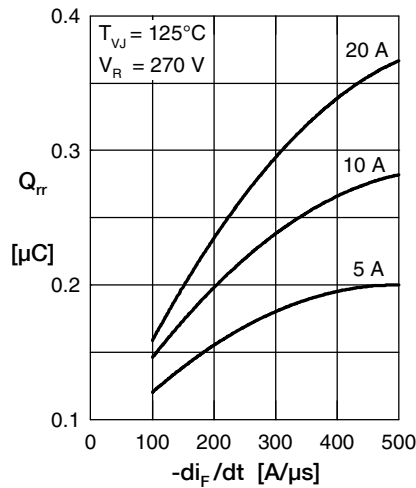


Fig. 2 Typ. reverse recov. charge  $Q_{rr}$  versus  $-di_F/dt$

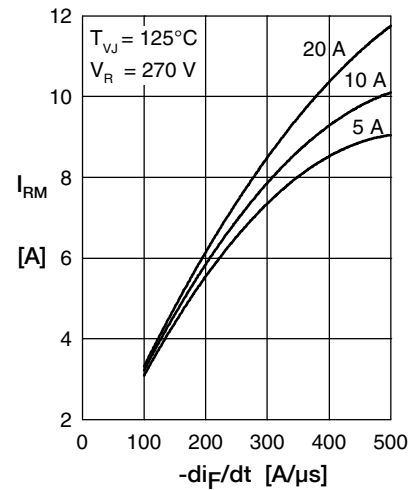


Fig. 3 Typ. reverse recov. current  $I_{RM}$  versus  $-di_F/dt$

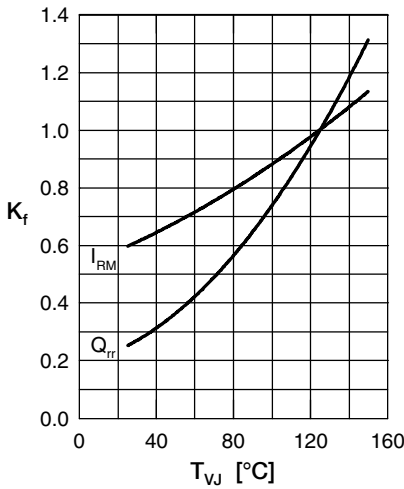


Fig. 4 Typ. dynamic parameters  $Q_{rr}$ ,  $I_{RM}$  versus  $T_{VJ}$

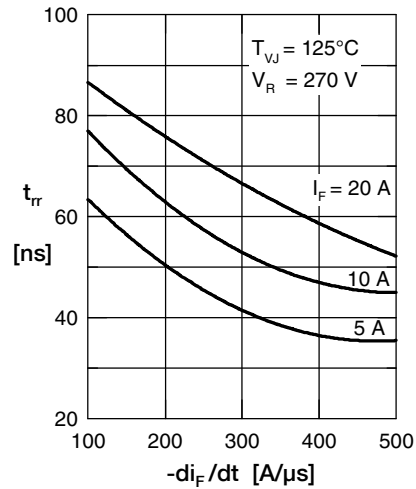


Fig. 5 Typ. reverse recov. time  $t_{rr}$  versus  $-di_F/dt$

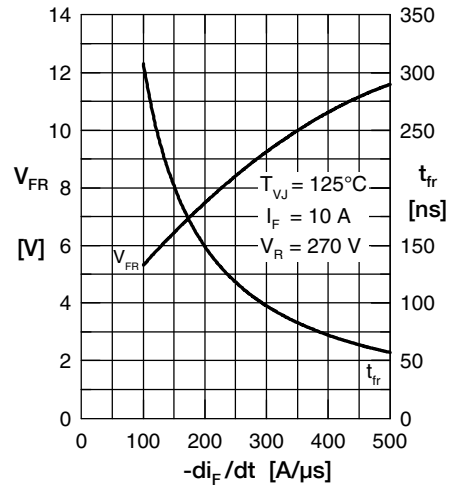


Fig. 6 Typ. forward recov. voltage  $V_{FR}$  and  $t_{fr}$  versus  $di_F/dt$

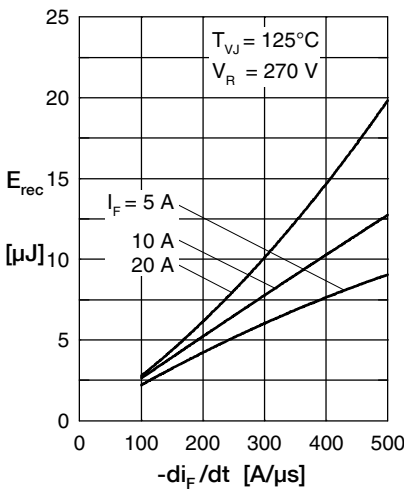


Fig. 7 Typ. recovery energy  $E_{rec}$  versus  $-di_F/dt$

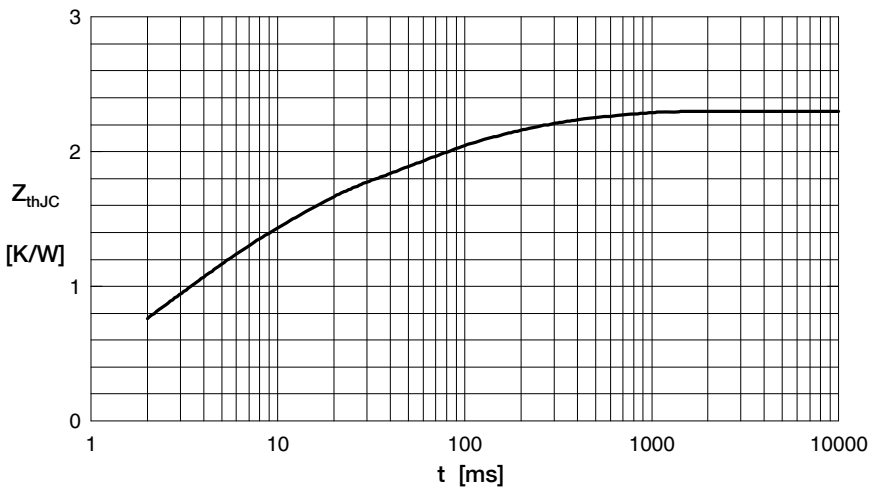


Fig. 8 Transient thermal resistance junction to case